

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA MAHABUBABAD

AUTUMN BREAK HOLIDAYS HOMEWORK 2023

CLASS: VII

Subject : English

- 1) Write one page of handwriting every day.
- 2) Write an essay of about 150-200 words on the topics given below:
 - a) My favourite sport
 - b) An unforgettable journey by train.
 - c) Y favourite holiday destination.
- 3) Choose any four English authors of India. Write a page about each of them. Paste their pictures and write the names of books written by them.

NOTE: Holidays Homework should be written in your Homework book (book no: 3)

Subject : Science

Activity 1

Describe two changes that are harmful. Explain why you consider them harmful. How can you prevent them?

Activity 2

Measure the breathing rate of the members of your family and some of your friends. Investigate:

If the breathing rate of children is different from that of adults.

If the breathing rate of males is different from that of females.

If there is a difference in any of these cases, try to find the reason.

Activity 3

Draw the diagram of human heart and label the parts.

Activity 4

Make your own cactus garden by collecting pieces cut from different kinds of cacti. Grow the variety in one single flat container or in separate pots.

Activity 5

Bring the soil sample of your area, find out if it is acidic, basic or neutral.

Discuss with farmers if they treat the soil in any manner.

Subject : Mathematics

S.no.	Topics
1.	Write types of angles
2.	Write types of triangles
3.	Write types of Quadrilaterals

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 1
(HISTORY CHAPTER-1: TRACING CHANGES THROUGH A THOUSAND YEARS)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Archives are places where _____ are kept.
- ii. _____ was a fourteenth-century chronicler.
- iii. _____, _____, _____, _____ and _____ were some of the new crops introduced into the subcontinent during this period.
- iv. Several villages were governed by a _____.

Q2. True/False

- i. We do not find inscriptions for the period after 700. _____
- ii. The Marathas asserted their political importance during this period. _____
- iii. Forest-dwellers were sometimes pushed out of their lands with the spread of agricultural settlements. _____
- iv. Sultan Ghiyasuddin Balban controlled Assam, Manipur and Kashmir.

Q3. What does a Cartographer do?

Ans. _____

Q4. What are the two main sects of Islam?

Ans. _____

Q5. Who was Al-Idrisi?

Ans. _____

Q6. What do you mean by archive?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 2 (HISTORY CHAPTER-2: NEW KINGS AND KINGDOMS)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Prashastis were composed by learned Brahmanas. _____
- ii. Initially Cholas were subordinate to the Chalukyas of Karnataka. _____
- iii. Revenue was also collected from traders. _____
- iv. Prashastis contain details that may not be literally true. _____
- v. One prashasti found in Gwalior, Madhya Pradesh, describes the exploits of Nagabhata, a Pratihara king. _____
- vi. Rashtrakuta dynasty ruled the Kashmir and neighbouring areas of India. _____
- vii. Earlier the Chauhans were also known as Chahamanas. _____

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. As samantas gained _____ and _____, they declared themselves to be _____.
- ii. The best-known Chahamana ruler was Prithviraja III, who defeated an Afghan ruler named _____ in 1191.
- iii. Many of these new kings adopted high-sounding titles such as _____ and _____.
- iv. _____ were composed by learned Brahmanas.
- v. Tang dynasty remained in power between the _____ and _____ century.
- vi. The evidence of the land grants were found to be recorded on _____ plate

Q3. Who wrote Kitab-al-Hind?

Ans. _____

Q4. What were known as ur?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 3 (HISTORY CHAPTER-3: THE DELHI SULTANS)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or False (F).

- i. Coins minted in Delhi, called dehlival. _____
- ii. Raziyya is from the Rajput dynasty. _____
- iii. Kharaj was a tax on cultivation. _____
- iv. Ibn Battuta, a fourteenth-century traveller was from Morocco, Africa. _____
- v. Alauddin used a "token" currency, somewhat like present-day paper currency. _____

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Raziyya was removed from the throne in_____.
- ii. In_____Sultan Iltutmish's daughter, _____, became Sultan.
- iii. Delhi first became the capital of a kingdom under the_____.
- iv. Kakatiya dynasty of Warangal is a part of modern_____.
- v. Delhi became an important city only in the_____century.
- vi. Mughal emperor Humayun, was defeated by_____.

Q3. What is the time of rule of Ananga Pala?

Ans. _____

Q4. What was the other name for Iqtadar?

Ans. _____

Q5. Who abolished the Iqta System?

Ans. _____

Q6. What was the language of administration under the Delhi Sultans?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 4 (CIVICS CHAPTER-1: ON EQUALITY)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

- i. India is a _____ country.
- ii. _____ is a key feature of democracy.
- iii. The idea of _____ is based on the idea of equality.
- iv. Every person is _____ before the law.

Q2. True/False

- i. One of the more common forms of inequality in India is the caste system. _____
- ii. Every person should not be treated with dignity. _____
- iii. Establishing equality in a democratic society is a continuous struggle. _____

Q3. Which was the first state in India to introduce midday meal scheme?

Ans. _____

Q4. What is Joothan?

Ans. _____

Q5. Why do you think the Ansaris were being treated unequally?

Ans. _____

Q6. What do you understand by 'dignity'?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 5 (CIVICS CHAPTER-2: ROLE OF THE GOVERNMENT IN HEALTH)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Ranjan got costly medical treatment. _____
- ii. Private services are concentrated in rural areas. _____
- iii. If people do not get adequate food to eat or have to live in cramped conditions, they will be prone to illness. _____
- iv. The private health service is a chain of health centres and hospitals run by the government. _____
- v. Adequate healthcare is available to all in India. _____

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Most doctors settle in _____ areas.
- ii. _____ is utilised for relief and rehabilitation in case of natural disasters such as floods, earthquakes, tsunami etc.
- iii. In _____ facilities, patients have to pay a lot of money for every service that they use.
- iv. India is the _____ largest producer of medicines in the world and is also a large _____ of medicines.
- v. India gets a large number of _____ tourists from many countries.

Q3. Give some water borne diseases.

Ans. _____

Q4. What do you mean by public health?

Ans. _____

Q5. Who runs public health care system?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 6 (CIVICS CHAPTER-3: HOW THE STATE GOVERNMENT WORKS)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or False (F).

- i. Some MLAs have dual responsibilities: one as an MLA and the other as a minister. _____
- ii. In a monarchy, people organize meetings to voice their opinions and protest against the government. _____
- iii. Members of the Legislative Assembly (MLAs) are elected by the people.

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Every state in India has a _____ Assembly.
- ii. The political party that has the majority is called the _____ party.
- iii. The Head of the State is the _____.

Q3. What is the full form of MLA?

Ans. _____

Q4. Who is the head of the State?

Ans. _____

Q5. Where are laws for entire country made?

Ans. _____

Q6. Who appoints 'Governor of state'?

Ans. _____

Q7. Who is the executive head of state in India?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 7 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-1: OUR ENVIRONMENT)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. True/False

- i. Aquarium is not a natural ecosystem. _____
- ii. Land is a component of human environment. _____
- iii. Road is a human made environment. _____

Q2. What is atmosphere?

Ans. _____

Q3. Write the significance of atmosphere.

Ans. _____

Q4. What do you mean by barter system?

Ans. _____

Q5. What is hydrosphere?

Ans. _____

Q6. What hydrosphere comprises of?

Ans. _____

Q7. Which are the two major components of biotic environment?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 8 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-2: INSIDE OUR EARTH)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

- i. _____ are also called primary rocks.
- ii. Gold, petroleum and coal are examples of _____.
- iii. The thinnest layer of the earth is _____.
- iv. Deccan plateau is made up of _____ rocks.
- v. The Taj Mahal is made of _____.

Q2. True/False

- i. There are two types of igneous rocks: intrusive rocks and extrusive rocks. _____
- ii. Rocks which contain fossils are metamorphic rocks. _____
- iii. Clay changes into slate and limestone into marble. _____
- iv. It is constantly undergoing changes inside and outside. _____
- v. Grinding stones used to prepare paste/powder of spices and grains are made of sedimentary rock. _____
- vi. The earth, our homeland is a dynamic planet. _____

Q3. Give an example of extrusive igneous rocks.

Ans. _____

Q4. What is the radius of earth?

Ans. _____

Q5. What is the core of the earth made up of?

Ans. _____

Q6. What is the innermost layer of the earth?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 9 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-3: OUR CHANGING EARTH)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. The molten magma inside the earth moves in a circular manner. True
- ii. Beach is an erosional feature of sea waves. False
- iii. Moraine is a depositional feature of a glacier. True
- iv. Volcano is caused by the sudden movements of the earth. True
- v. The strength of the earthquake increases away from the centre. False
- vi. Moraine is the depositional feature of a glacier. True

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Mushroom rocks are found in_____.
- ii. Ox bow lakes are found in river_____.
- iii. _____are "rivers" of ice.
- iv. The highest waterfall is_____Falls of Venezuela in_____America.
- v. Sudden movements in the earth interior are cause due to
_____.

Q3. What are the major agents of erosion?

Ans. _____

Q4. Define loess?

Ans. _____

Q5. What is vent?

Ans. _____

Q6. What is a seismograph?

Ans. _____

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, MAHBHUBABAD

SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 10 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-4: AIR)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. When air is heated, it expands, becomes lighter and goes up. _____
- ii. High pressure is associated with clear and sunny skies. _____
- iii. All living beings on this earth depend on the atmosphere for their survival.

- iv. Carbon dioxide is the most plentiful gas in the air. _____
- v. Green plants produce oxygen during photosynthesis. _____
- vi. The air pressure is highest at sea level and decreased with height. _____

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. _____ layer is the most important layer of the atmosphere.
- ii. As we go up the layers of atmosphere, the _____ falls rapidly.
- iii. The _____, _____ and _____ are the permanent winds.
- iv. Cold air is denser and heavy.
- v. The air pressure is _____ at sea level and _____ with height.
- vi. The upper most layer of the atmosphere is known as _____.

Q3. In which layer of the atmosphere do aeroplanes fly?

Ans. _____

Q4. Where do meteors burn up in the atmosphere?

Ans. _____

Q5. What is atmosphere?

Ans. _____

Q6. What is the instrument that measures the amount of rainfall?

Ans. _____