

# KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA MAHABUBABAD

## AUTUMN BREAK HOLIDAYS HOME WORK 2023

### CLASS VI

### SUBJECT : ENGLISH

1) Write a small paragraph (80-100 words) on the following topics. Also draw the relevant pictures related to it:

- a) The little acts of kindness
- b) Y ways on how do I help y family.
- c) How do eating pizzas and burgers affect the health?

2) Write one page of handwriting every day.

3) Collect (5) advertisements of Indian brands from the newspaper, paste and write the review about it.

NOTE: Holidays Homework should be written in your Homework book (book no: 3)

### SUBJECT : SCIENCE

#### ACTIVITY 1

*Prepare a diet chat to provide balance diet to a 12 years old child. The diet chart should include food items which are not expensive and are commonly available in your area.*

#### ACTIVITY 2

*Write 5 milk giving animals.  
Write some egg laying birds.  
Write some meat producing animals.*

### Subject: Mathematics

S.no.	Topics
1.	Write tables from 2 to 20
2.	Write types of angles
3.	Write types of triangles

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SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 1 (HISTORY CHAPTER-1: WHAT, WHERE, HOW AND WHEN)			
STUDENT NAME:	CLASS:	ROLL NO:	DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- People who gathered their food are called gatherers. \_\_\_\_\_
- The kingdom of Magadha was located in the areas along Ganga's tributaries in the North of Ganga. \_\_\_\_\_
- Prakrit was the language used by ordinary people. \_\_\_\_\_
- River Ganga was addressed as Indos or Hindos by the Iranians and Greeks.

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- The places where rice was first grown are to the north of the \_\_\_\_\_.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is the earliest composition in Sanskrit.
- Along the river \_\_\_\_\_ people lived for several hundred thousand years.
- \_\_\_\_\_ is a town on the north coast of Egypt.

Q3. Name one tributary of Ganga.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. What is the meaning of Indus in Sanskrit?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. Write the full form of BCC.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q6. Write the full form of CE.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q7. Write the full form of AD.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 2 (HISTORY CHAPTER-2: FROM GATHERING TO GROWING FOOD)			
STUDENT NAME:	CLASS:	ROLL NO:	DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Jadeite, found in Daojali Hading, may have been brought from China. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. Young women are respected for their wisdom and experience. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Mehrgarh site is in Pakistan. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Bolan Pass is one of the most important routes into India. \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Gufkral site is in Kashmir. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Millets have been found at\_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. People in Burzahom lived in\_\_\_\_\_houses.
- iii. Chirand is a site in\_\_\_\_\_.
- iv. \_\_\_\_\_and\_\_\_\_\_comes from animals that are reared.
- v. \_\_\_\_\_is one of the earliest villages.

Q3. Name the place where Millet was grown in Neolithic Age.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. Name two sites found in Andhra Pradesh.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. Name two sites found in Kashmir.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q6. Why grains had to be stored?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q7. What is 'jadeite,'?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 3 (HISTORY CHAPTER-3: IN THE EARLIEST CITIES)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Many of these cities were divided into two or more parts.
- ii. The city of Lothal stood beside a tributary of the Ganga, in Gujarat.
- iii. Great Bath was made water-tight with a layer of natural tar. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Usually in the Harappan cities, the part to the east was larger but lower and is called the upper town. \_\_\_\_\_
- v. The Harappans also made seals out of stone. \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. All the raw materials that the Harappans used were available locally. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Great Bath has been discovered in\_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. People living in the\_\_\_\_\_grew crops and reared animals.
- iii. The alloy of tin and copper is called\_\_\_\_\_.
- iv. Usually in the Harappan cities, the part to the west was smaller but higher and was known as\_\_\_\_\_.
- v. Gold and silver were used to make\_\_\_\_\_and\_\_\_\_\_.
- vi. \_\_\_\_\_are the impression of seals on clay.

Q3. How old are the Harappan cities?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. What were the objects in Harappan cities made of?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. List some uses of 'Faience'.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q6. Where fire altars have been discovered?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 4 (HISTORY CHAPTER-4: WHAT BOOKS AND BURIALS TELL US)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. The river Ghod is a tributary of the Bhima. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. The oldest Veda is the Samaveda. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Slaves were women and men who were often captured in war. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Hymns were composed by sages (rishis). \_\_\_\_\_
- v. In a hymn in the Rigveda, Vishvamitra used the word 'sisters' for the two rivers Beas and Sutlej. \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. Roma, a plant from which a special drink was prepared. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. The Rigveda has been written in\_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. \_\_\_\_\_is situated on the river Ghod.
- iii. The Rigveda was composed about\_\_\_\_\_years ago.
- iv. \_\_\_\_\_is part of a family of languages known as Indo-European.
- v. The major gods praised in the hymns of the Rigveda were\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and\_\_\_\_\_.
- vi. The dead were buried with distinctive pots, which are called\_\_\_\_\_and \_\_\_\_\_Ware.

Q3. Which is the oldest Veda among the four Vedas?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. In which language Rigveda was written?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. As per Rigveda, why battles were fought?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 5 (HISTORY CHAPTER-5: KINGDOMS, KINGS AND AN EARLY REPUBLIC)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Priests performed the rituals including the sprinkling of sacred water. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. Usually, the tax was fixed at 1/6th of what was produced. This was known as bhaga or a share. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. The word kammakaras used for slave men and women. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Raja composed later Vedic books. \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Shudras had to serve the other three groups and could not perform any rituals. \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. In Magadha elephants were captured and used in army. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. 'Rajas' who let the \_\_\_\_\_ horse pass through their lands were invited to the sacrifice.
- ii. Archaeologists have found huts in the settlements of the \_\_\_\_\_.
- iii. Pots to store grain were made out of Painted \_\_\_\_\_.
- iv. Herders were also expected to pay taxes in the form of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- v. \_\_\_\_\_ were paid regular salaries and maintained by the king throughout the year.
- vi. Both the Buddha and Mahavira belonged to \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.
- vii. Ajatasattu wanted to attack the \_\_\_\_\_.

Q3. What is 'Sangha'?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. What was the source of income of Raja of Mahajanapadas?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 6 (CIVICS CHAPTER-1: UNDERSTANDING DIVERSITY)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Samir Do's family lived in\_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. Ladakh is a desert in the mountains in the eastern part of \_\_\_\_\_.
- iii. The caste system is an example of\_\_\_\_\_.
- iv. Both Kerala and Ladakh regions were influenced by \_\_\_\_\_ and\_\_\_\_\_.
- v. Ladakh is also called\_\_\_\_\_.

Q2. True / False

- i. History and geography are often tied in the cultural life of a region. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. In Jallianwala Bagh massacre in Haryana, a British general opened fire on a large group of unarmed people. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. The Discovery of India is written by Jawaharlal Nehru. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Gandhiji coined the phrase, "unity in diversity" to describe the country. \_\_\_\_\_

Q3. Where is onam celebrated?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. Who composed the national anthem?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. What is cheenachatti?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q6. Write an example of Unity of Diversity among Indians.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 7 (CIVICS CHAPTER-2: DIVERSITY AND DISCRIMINATION)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

- i. There are \_\_\_\_\_ major religions in the world.
- ii. The upper castes acted in ways, which did not give the so-called \_\_\_\_\_ the same rights as they enjoyed.
- iii. People form certain attitudes and opinions about others who are not \_\_\_\_\_ them.
- iv. We have more than \_\_\_\_\_ languages that are people's mother tongues.

Q2. True / False

- i. Dr Ambedkar had also fought for the rights of the Dalits. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. There are more than a thousand dance forms. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. We feel safe and secure with people who look, talk, dress and think like us. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Government jobs are open to all people. \_\_\_\_\_

Q3. Write an example of gender stereotypes.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. How many major religions are there in the world?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. What is the quality that is generally associated with boys and men?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q6. What prejudice mean?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 8 (CIVICS CHAPTER-3: WHAT IS GOVERNMENT)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

- i. The government works at different levels: at the \_\_\_\_\_ level, at the level of the \_\_\_\_\_ and at the \_\_\_\_\_ level.
- ii. American women got the right to vote in \_\_\_\_\_.
- iii. In India, before Independence, only a small \_\_\_\_\_ was allowed to vote.
- iv. The suffragettes demanded the right to vote for all \_\_\_\_\_.

Q2. True / False

- i. In Monarchy, kings and queens do not have to explain their actions or defend the decisions they take. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. Women in the UK got to vote on the same terms as men some years later, in 1938. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Courts are also part of the government. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. In their earliest forms governments allowed only women who owned property and were educated, to vote. \_\_\_\_\_

Q3. How many level of government are there in our country?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. What was Gandhiji's demand?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. What happens if someone commits a crime?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 9 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-1: THE EARTH IN THE SOLAR SYSTEM)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. All the planets move around the sun in an elongated path. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. It is huge and made up of extremely hot liquids. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. The word „planet“ comes from the Greek word “Planetai” which means „wanderers“. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. The moon is in the centre of the solar system. \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Till recently (August 2006), Pluto was also considered a planet. \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. Word geography is made of two Greek words, „ge“ meaning “earth” and „graphia“ meaning “writing”. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. The North Star indicates the \_\_\_\_\_ direction.
- ii. The sun is in the \_\_\_\_\_ of the solar system.
- iii. We can see the full moon only once in about a \_\_\_\_\_ time.
- iv. Full moon night is also known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- v. Ursa Major or Big Bear is a \_\_\_\_\_.
- vi. \_\_\_\_\_ was a famous astronomer of ancient India.

Q3. How long does it take to go from a new moon to a full moon?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. Name few dwarf planets.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. Which is the third nearest planet to the sun?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 10 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-2: GLOBE: LATITUDES AND LONGITUDES)			
STUDENT NAME:	CLASS:	ROLL NO:	DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Tropic of Capricorn in the Southern Hemisphere. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. The distance between the longitudes decreases towards the poles. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. The Arctic Circle is located in the southern hemisphere. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. The northern half of the earth is known as the Southern Hemisphere. \_\_\_\_\_
- v. 90 degrees north latitude marks the North Pole and 90 degrees south latitude marks the South Pole. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. The Frigid Zone lies near the\_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. The Antarctic Circle is located in the\_\_\_\_\_.
- iii. The\_\_\_\_\_of India is 82½ degree east.
- iv. The 0° Meridian is also known as\_\_\_\_\_.
- v. The southern half is known as the\_\_\_\_\_Hemisphere.

Q3. How many lines of longitude are there in total?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. How many latitudes are there in total?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. What is the value of the prime meridian?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q6. What is the latitudinal value of the Tropic of Cancer?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 11 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-3: MOTIONS OF THE EARTH)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Axis of the earth is an imaginary line about which the earth rotates.
- ii. Earth takes exactly 365 days to revolve around the sun. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Day and Night on the Earth occurs due to rotation of the Earth. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. On 21st march, the Tropic of Capricorn receives direct rays of the sun as the South Pole tilts towards it. \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Every fourth year, February is of 29 days instead of 28 days. \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. When there is spring in the Northern Hemisphere and summer in the Southern Hemisphere. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. The earth receives light from \_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. The earth takes about \_\_\_\_\_ to complete one rotation around its axis.
- iii. The period of rotation is known as the \_\_\_\_\_.
- iv. On 23rd September, it is \_\_\_\_\_ season in the Northern Hemisphere and \_\_\_\_\_ season in the Southern Hemisphere.
- v. The portion facing the sun experiences \_\_\_\_\_ while the other half away from the sun experiences \_\_\_\_\_.
- vi. The axis of the earth makes an angle of \_\_\_\_\_ degree with its orbital plane.
- vii. Australia lies in \_\_\_\_\_ Hemisphere.
- viii. The longest day and the shortest night at these places occur on 21<sup>st</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

Q3. When Christmas is celebrated in Australia?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 12 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-4: MAPS)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. A scale is necessary for a map.
- ii. Direction is not a component of maps. \_
- iii. A physical map shows natural features of the earth. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. The blue colour is used for showing\_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. A\_\_\_\_\_is used to find the main directions.
- iii. \_\_\_\_\_colour is used for showing mountains.
- iv. A globe can be useful when we want to study the earth as a\_\_\_\_\_.

Q3. Which map provides detailed information?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. Which map shows distribution of forests?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q5. What is an Atlas?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q6. What are the three components of a map?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q7. When should we use a globe?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

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## SOCIAL STUDIES WORKSHEET: 13 (GEOGRAPHY CHAPTER-5: MAJOR DOMAINS OF THE EARTH)

STUDENT NAME:

CLASS:

ROLL NO:

DATE:

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. The Atlantic Ocean is 'S' shaped. \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. Biosphere is one of the layers of the Atmosphere. \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. The South Pole lies almost at the centre of Antarctica. \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Africa is the second largest country after Asia. \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Pacific Ocean is 'L' in shape. \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. The coastline of Atlantic Ocean is highly indented. \_\_\_\_\_
- vii. The atmosphere is composed mainly of nitrogen and argon. \_\_\_\_\_

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. Life exists in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- ii. \_\_\_\_\_ is the only continent through which the tropic of Cancer, the Equator and the Capricorn pass.
- iii. \_\_\_\_\_ is the world's longest mountain range.
- iv. \_\_\_\_\_ is called an island country.
- v. The world's longest river the \_\_\_\_\_ flows through Africa.
- vi. The Arctic Ocean is connected with the Pacific Ocean by a narrow stretch of shallow water known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- vii. Europe lies to the \_\_\_\_\_ of Asia.

Q3. Why nitrogen considered as a significant gas?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

Q4. Name the three main components of the environment.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_